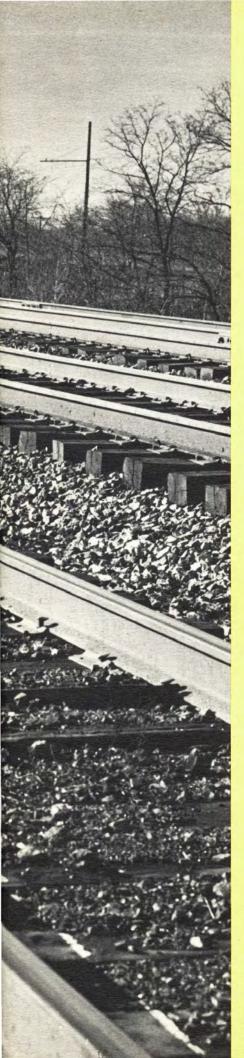


RAILROADS are the key to sound, modern transportation systems. Reflected in their shining steel rails that cross countries and continents are the elements of progress: increased trade, economic expansion and prosperity. For the railway industry to make further contributions to progress, the development of more efficient locomotives must keep pace with an ever-growing network of steel rails, an evergrowing volume of traffic. Only with reliable, modern motive power can railways best transport the many raw materials and products that help build new industries, new communities, and a better way of life for people everwhere.



This is a General Electric story... for railroading is a vital area in which <u>progress is our most</u> <u>important product.</u>



Over the past 68 years, the General Electric Company has designed and built more than 20,000 locomotives.



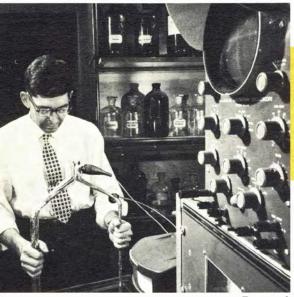
Modern General Electric facilities contribute to locomotive progress

At the Locomotive & Car Equipment Department in Erie, Pennsylvania, on 2,000,000 square feet of floor space, in 12 major buildings, over 3,000 highly skilled people combine their abilities with specialized equipment to meet the need for modern motive power.

It is here in the Erie Plant that General Electric has continually researched, pioneered and developed the application of electric energy to transportation. It is here that higher standards of locomotive design have been realized, and from giant erecting bays have come the locomotives which so effectively serve a sound transportation system.

The Locomotive & Car Equipment Department is confident that the advantages inherent in diesel-electric and electric locomotives will contribute to even greater railroad progress in the future.





Locomotive specialists build dependable motive power

Research



Development

RESEARCH scientists continually exploring basic concepts develop new applications of metals, chemicals, insulation, fuels and electricity. Photo shows test of armature coil designed to develop even greater service from dependable traction motors.

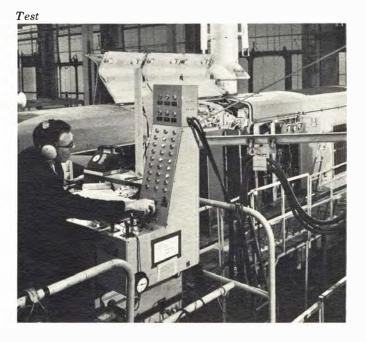
DEVELOPMENT engineers devise new, more exacting techniques to increase performance of locomotives. Advanced diesel engine designs undergo exhaustive testing to assure maximum horsepower and reliability.

DESIGN engineers work with experienced draftsmen to relate the findings of research, weigh the new and the old, and translate their conclusions to blueprint stage. On row after row of drawing boards, the pattern is carefully established to meet the customers' needs.

TEST specialists put mechanical and electrical components through the rugged operating conditions encountered in actual service. In this way, equipment is proved both singly and in combination before actual installation in locomotives.



Design



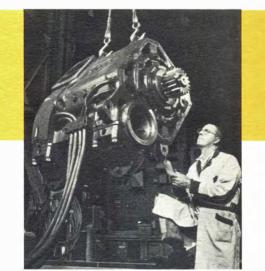
Scientists, engineers and skilled craftsmen are the key factors in the superiority of General Electric locomotives. Through their imagination, knowledge and individual skills they have made G.E. a leader in the development and manufacture of motive power.

INSPECTION during manufacture and throughout assembly by men trained in this specialty ensures that components meet the precise specifications necessary to meet exacting quality and performance standards. The powerful G-E traction motor being inspected here is an important part of sturdy, simple and reliable electric drive.

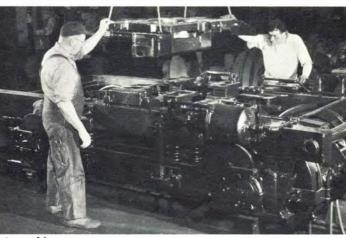
ASSEMBLY of this high-speed truck, an expertly-matched part of an integrated, smooth-riding locomotive, is carried out by a team of skilled workmen.

FINAL ASSEMBLY is directed, as are all steps along the production line, by experienced supervisors. They carefully oversee each operation until the locomotive chassis, complete in every detail including the customer's choice of colors, is gently lowered to the trucks.

TRACK TEST supervised by design engineers puts the finished locomotive through its paces. On the unique test track within the plant, any of nine different track gages are available to prove the performance of G-E locomotives before delivery.



Inspection



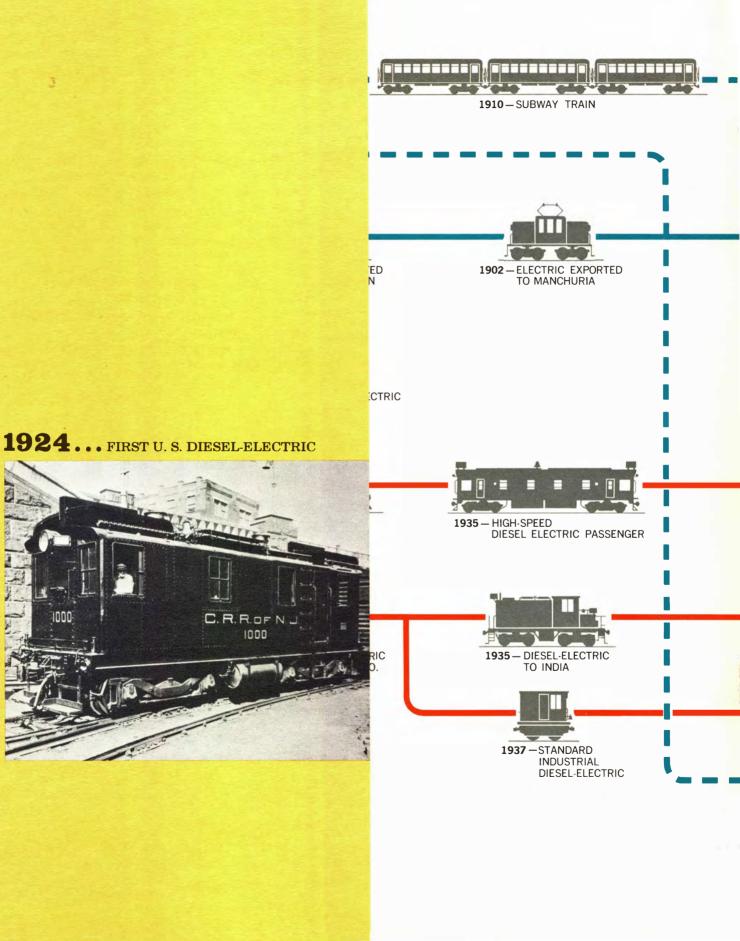
Assembly



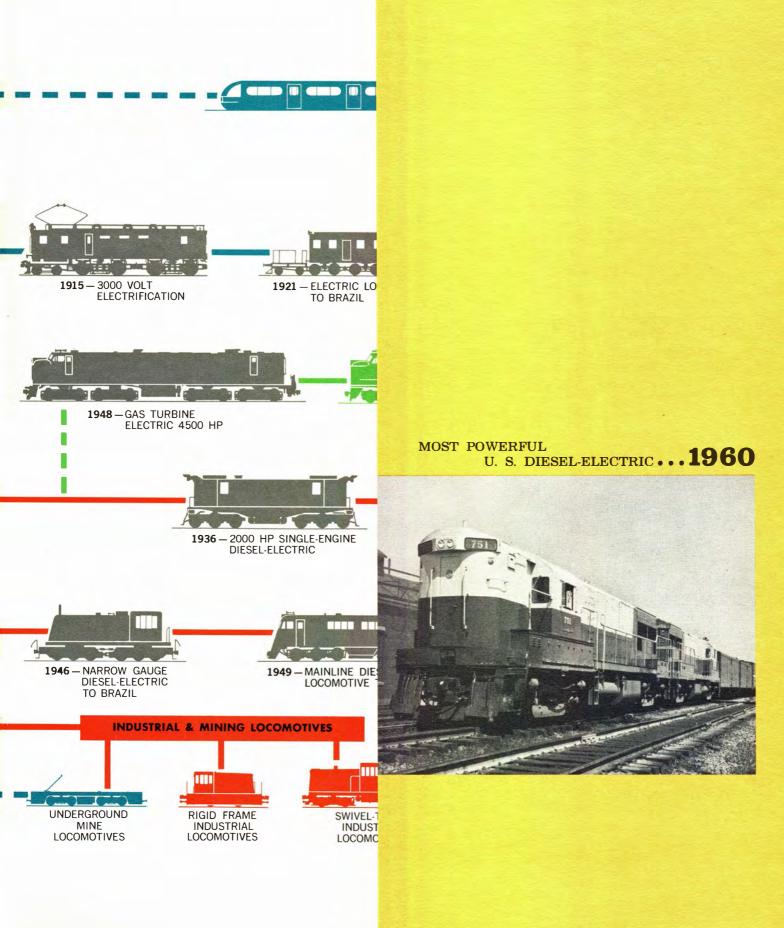
Final Assembly



LESTONES IN G-E



LOCOMOTIVE DE



SINCE 1892, just 12 years after Thomas A. Edison operated his first electric locomotive, General Electric has continuously pioneered developments and refinements in the application of electricity to rail transportation.

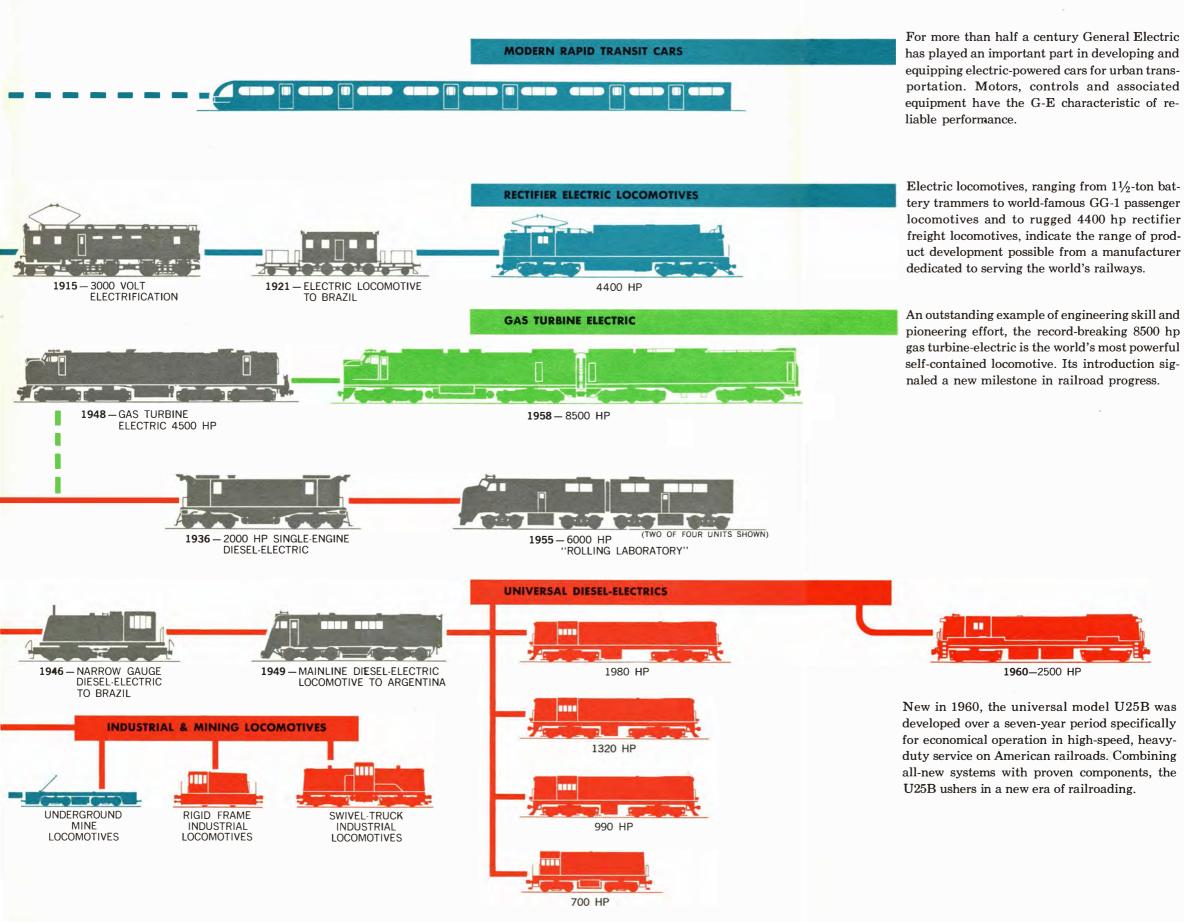
In 1895, General Electric put the first electric mainline locomotive into service on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad; in 1906, the internal combustion engine was first applied to electric motive power in a gasoline-electric rail car; 1913 saw the first successful application of a gasoline-electric locomotive; in 1924 General Electric assembled the first practical dieselelectric locomotive, put into service in 1925.

The need for even greater horsepower than the dieselelectric could muster led in 1948 to the building of America's first gas turbine-electric locomotive. Today, 8500 hp gas turbine-electric locomotives are setting new performance records in long-haul, heavyduty freight service.

MILESTONES IN G-E 1880 - EDISON ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVE TTT 1884 ELECTRIC 1910-SUBWAY TRAIN TROLLEY 1889 MINE ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVE 1895 MAINLINE 1898 - ELECTRIC EXPORTED 1902 - ELECTRIC EXPORTED ELECTRIC TO GREAT BRITAIN TO MANCHURIA 1913 GASOLINE-ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVE 1906 GASOLINE-ELECTRIC RAIL CAR \square ΠП DIESEL-ELECTRIC 1928 - SINGLE UNIT DIESEL-ELECTRIC 1925 1935 - HIGH-SPEED LOCOMOTIVE DIESEL ELECTRIC PASSENGER FREIGHT 1929 - PANAMA DIESEL-ELECTRIC 1935 - DIESEL-ELECTRIC FOR CHIRIQUI LAND CO. TO INDIA 1937 - STANDARD INDUSTRIAL DIESEL-ELECTRIC

Whether the motive power specifications are for greater horsepower, lower maintenance, special duty cycle or unusual design, General Electric has the experience and engineering skill to provide dependable locomotives for any requirement.

LOCOMOTIVE DEVELOPMENT



G. E. offers a complete line of proved-in-service units



4000 hp Rectifier Electric

New Haven R.R., U. S. A.

a vetera



Norfolk & Western R.R., U. S. A.



2480 hp, 2400-volt d-c Units

Butte, Anaconda & Pac. R.R., U. S. A.

To meet the many different needs of rail transportation, General Electric manufactures a wide range of locomotives to operate efficiently in various types of service. Performance records testify to the high availability and continuing efficiency built into every G-E locomotive.

DUAL VOLTAGE RECTIFIER ELECTRIC rated at 4000 hp is used to haul high-speed passenger trains.

ELECTRICS OPERATING IN MULTIPLE produce 6600 hp for heavy freight runs over rugged terrain.

HEAVY-DUTY DC ELECTRICS form an integral part of an efficient mining operation.

8500 HP GAS TURBINE-ELECTRIC put into operation in 1958 performs high-speed freight duty in vast plains and mountain regions of the U.S. This giant of the rail industry is one of the more recent developments pioneered by the Locomotive & Car Equipment Department.

8500 hp Gas Turbine-Electric

Union Pacific R.R., U.S.A.





80-ton Diesel-Electric

Petroleos Mexicanos, Mexico

80-TON DIESEL-ELECTRIC locomotive helps keep production high at a busy oil refinery.

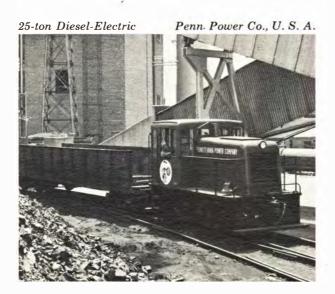
65-TON DIESEL-ELECTRIC speeds operation of a large cement plant.

45-TON DIESEL-ELECTRIC carries out fast, reliable hauling operations at a steel salvage company.

35-TON DIESEL-ELECTRIC does heavy-duty work for a coal mining and processing company.

25-TON DIESEL-ELECTRIC locomotive provides versatile motive power for a public utility.

50-TON ELECTRIC mine locomotive is but one of the many models and weights that have found acceptance in all parts of the world.





65-ton Diesel-Electric

s Southwestern Portland Cement Co., U. S. A.



45-ton Diesel-Electric

Southwest Steel Corp., U.S.A.



35-ton Diesel-Electric

Old Ben Coal Corp., U. S. A.



Mathies Coal Co., U. S. A.





990 hp Model U9B

Paulista Railway, Brazil



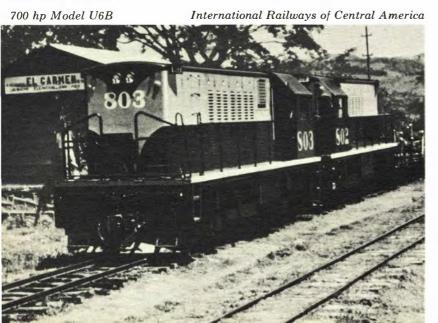
1320 hp Model U12B

South African Railways



1980 hp Model U18C

Turkish State Railways



Mainline Diesel-Electrics

THE UNIVERSAL DIESEL-ELECTRIC LINE of locomotives was first introduced in 1956 and has been winning world-wide acclaim ever since. Available in track gages from 36 to 66 inches, they are built for reliable, efficient service in any climate, at any altitude, anywhere in the world. Versatility plus simplicity of design and interchangeability of parts has made these locomotives a profitable investment for an ever-increasing number of railroads.

990 HP MODEL U9B combines low operating cost with high availability.

1320 HP MODEL U12B's are fast, economical movers of heavy freight, and perform efficiently in both main and branch line service.

1980 HP MODEL U18C is used in both heavy-duty freight and high-speed passenger service.

700 HP MODEL U6B meets demanding railway requirements in around-the-clock operation.

MODEL U6B's are extremely versatile; can be used for freight, passenger and switching service.



Model U6B Santa Maria Valley R.R., U.S.A.



2500 hp Model U25B Demonstrators

Pennsylvania R.R., U.S.A.

2500 HP MODEL U25B is a new diesel-electric standard for American railroads. It combines high horsepower with a minimum of machinery; produces 625 hp on each of four axles for increased train speeds.

1320 HP MODEL U12C provides reliable passenger service, performs equally well in through-freight hauling.

MODEL U12C offers high operating performance and fuel economy along with low maintenance costs.

1980 HP MODEL U18C is built for rugged operating conditions, has proved dependable and efficient.



1320 hp Model U12C National Railways of Colombia



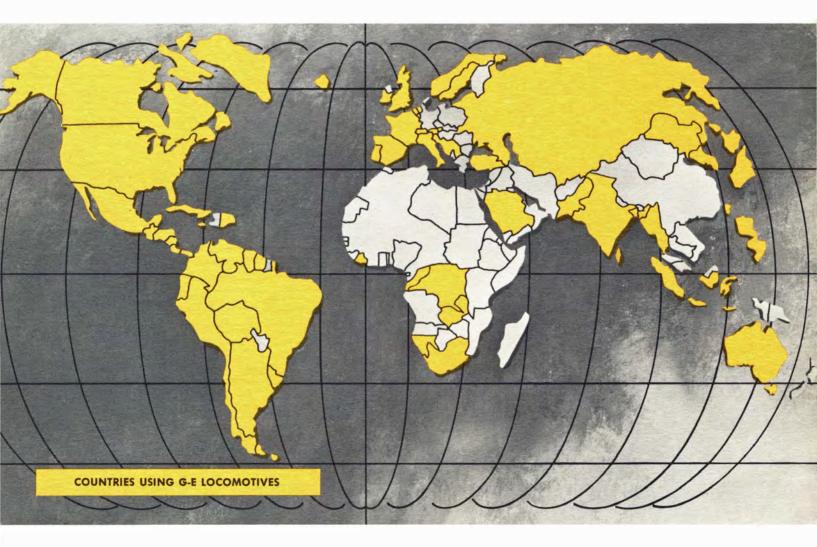
Argentine State Railways





General Electric locomotives are operating the world over

More than 20,000 locomotives have been built by General Electric for the world's railways. The well known dependability of these locomotives makes them particularly suited for operation in remote areas. Owners of General Electric locomotives report efficient, economical performance at all altitudes – from sea level to 14,700 feet – and in temperatures ranging from 130° F. in Saudi Arabia to -65° F. in Alaska.



COUNTRIES THROUGHOUT THE WORLD WHERE GENERAL ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVES ARE OPERATING

Argentina Australia Austria Belgium Bolivia Brazil British Guiana Burma Canada Canal Zone Chile Colombia Congo Republic Costa Rica Cuba Dominican Republic Ecuador El Salvador

France Guatemala Honduras India Indonesia Italy Japan Korea Liberia Luxemburg Manchuria Mexico Netherlands Northern Rhodesia Norway Pakistan Panama Peru Philippine Republic Portugal Puerto Rico Republic of the Congo Saudi Arabia South Africa South West Africa Spain Surinam Sweden Trinidad Turkey Uruguay U.S.A. U.S.S.R. Venezuela Yugoslavia



WHAT OF THE FUTURE? Today, as in the past, designers and engineers at General Electric are hard at work developing new ideas, refining the proved methods now in use, and blending both to create even better G-E locomotives in the future.

Advancing technology may some day produce diesel-electrics of 4000 or even 5000 horsepower per four-axle unit. Further improvements in the gas turbine-electric will make it an even more efficient freight mover than it is today. Recent advances in the development of power applications with commercial voltage systems, and experiments with fuel cells, increase the potential of electric locomotives. And nuclear power, in spite of tremendous economic and technological barriers, offers a new avenue for progress.

Whatever form railway progress takes, the locomotives of the future will be characterized by increased efficiency and greater economy.

General Electric – the company with experience, skill and imagination – the company dedicated to "Progress" – will produce these locomotives.

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WORLDWIDE:

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